Digital Delirium

1. Maximizing Products

- (a) Using all nonzero digits each once, build two numbers A and B so that $A \cdot B$ is as large as possible.
- (b) Using all nonzero digits each once, build three numbers A, B and C so that $A \cdot B \cdot C$ is as large as possible.
- (c) Using all nonzero digits each once, build four numbers A, B, C and D so that $A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D$ is as large as possible.
- (d) If we build five two-digit numbers using each of the digits 0 through 9 exactly once, and the product of the five numbers is maximized, find the greatest number among them.

2. Calling All Digits

- (a) Using each nonzero digit exactly once, create three 3-digit numbers A, B, and C, such that A + B = C.
- (b) Again using each nonzero digit exactly once, create three 3-digit numbers A, B, and C that are in the ratio 1:3:5.
- (c) Again using each nonzero digit exactly once, create three 3-digit numbers A, B, and C that are in the ratio 1:2:3.
- (d) Again using each nonzero digit exactly once, create three 3-digit numbers A, B, and C that are in the ratio 4:5:6.
- (e) Again using each nonzero digit exactly once, create three 3-digit numbers A, B, and C that are in the ratio 3:7:8.
- (f) Are there any more single digit ratios a:b:c for which the nine nonzero digits can be used to build three numbers A, B, and C in the ratio a:b:c.
- (g) Using the ten digits each exactly once, create 3 numbers A, B, and C, such that A + B = C.