

Conrey 3.Motivation

$$s = \frac{1}{2} + it$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^T \zeta(s+\alpha) \zeta(s+\beta) \zeta(1-s+\gamma) \zeta(1-s+\delta) dt \\ &= \int_0^T Z(\alpha, \beta; \gamma, \delta) + \left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)^{-\alpha-\gamma} Z(-\gamma, \beta; -\alpha, \delta) \\ & \quad + \left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)^{-\alpha-\delta} Z(-\delta, \beta; \gamma, -\alpha) + \left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)^{-\beta-\gamma} Z(\alpha, -\gamma; -\beta, \delta) \\ & \quad + \left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)^{-\beta-\delta} Z(\alpha, -\delta; \gamma, -\beta) + \left(\frac{t}{2\pi}\right)^{-\alpha-\beta-\gamma-\delta} Z(-\gamma, -\delta; -\alpha, -\beta) \\ & \quad \times dt + O(T^{3/3+\epsilon}) \end{aligned}$$

$$Z(\alpha, \beta; \gamma, \delta) = \frac{\zeta(1+\alpha+\gamma) \zeta(1+\alpha+\delta) \zeta(1+\beta+\gamma) \zeta(1+\beta+\delta)}{\zeta(2+\alpha+\beta+\gamma+\delta)}$$

Random matrix theory

$$\text{Let } \Lambda_A(s) = \prod_{n=1}^N (1 - se^{-i\theta_n})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{U(N)} \Lambda_A(e^{-\alpha}) \Lambda_A(e^{-\beta}) \Lambda_{A^\dagger}(e^{-\gamma}) \Lambda_{A^\dagger}(e^{-\delta}) dA_N \\ &= \mathcal{Z}(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta) + e^{-(\alpha+\gamma)N} \mathcal{Z}(-\gamma, \beta; -\alpha, \delta) + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Conrey, Forrester, Snaith

(Baik, Deift, Strahov)

Heine's identity

$W(x)$ weight, $I \subseteq \mathbb{R}$

$$d\mu(x) = W(x) dx$$

Monic orthogonal polynomials $\Pi(N, x) = N^{\text{th}}$ polynomial, orthogonal w.r.t weight W .

$$P_N(x_1, \dots, x_N) = \frac{\Delta(x)^2}{N!} \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n)$$

$$\text{Let } D(X, Y) = \prod_{\substack{x \in X \\ y \in Y}} (y - x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{I^N} D(X, \{y\}) \frac{\Delta(x)^2}{N!} \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n) dx_n & \quad (\text{Heine}) \\ & = \Pi(N, y) \int_{I^N} \frac{\Delta(x)^2}{N!} \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n) dx_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\left[\text{Want } \int_{I^N} \frac{D(X, A_k)}{D(X, C_q)} \frac{\Delta(x)^2}{N!} \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n) dx_n \right]$$

$$\int_I y^r W(y) \int_{I^N} D(x, \xi y \xi) \frac{\Delta(x)^2}{N!} \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n) dx_n$$

$$\bullet \Delta(x)^2 \rightarrow N! \Delta(x) \prod_{n=1}^N x_n^{n-1} \quad (\text{Exercise?})$$

$$\left[\text{Hint: } \Delta(x) = \sum_{\sigma \in S_N} \text{sgn}(\sigma) \prod_{n=1}^N x_{\sigma(n)}^{n-1} \right]$$

$$= \int_I y^r W(y) \int_{I^N} D(x, \xi y \xi) \Delta(x) \prod_{n=1}^N W(x_n) x_n^{n-1} dx_n dy$$

put $y = x_{N+1}$

$$= \int_{I^{N+1}} x_{N+1}^{r-N} \Delta(x_1, \dots, x_{N+1}) \prod_{n=1}^{N+1} W(x_n) x_n^{n-1} dx_n$$

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_{N+1} \\ x_1^2 & x_2^2 & \dots & x_{N+1}^2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \end{vmatrix} = \det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ \pi(1, x_1) & \pi(1, x_2) & \dots & \pi(1, x_{N+1}) \\ \pi(2, x_1) & \pi(2, x_2) & \dots & \pi(2, x_{N+1}) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \det \left(\int \prod_{m=1}^N (x_n - x_m) W(x_n) x_n^{n-1} dx_n \right)$$

$$\times \int \prod (x_{N+1} - x_n) x_{N+1}^r dx_{N+1}$$

is 0 if $r < N$.

Exercise Finish this off.

$$\text{Hint} \quad \frac{1}{\prod_{n=1}^N (y - x_n)} = \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{1}{y - x_n} \prod_{m=1}^N \frac{1}{(x_n - x_m)}$$